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**16 to 1....**

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**COPP & DEVORE,**

GENERAL AGENTS.

## ACTORS WILL STUMP

For McKinley, Sound Money and Protection this Year.

## DO NOT WANT FREE SILVER.

Theatrical Folks want to Graduate from the School of Hard Times—An Interview with Louis Aldrich—Joe Jefferson, a Democrat but Dead Against Free Silver. They are for Good Times and an Honest Dollar.

NEW YORK, July 27.—If the actors have their way the majority of the votes cast next November will be for McKinley, protection and sound money. More than that, a number of well-known men upon the theatrical stage propose soon to take to the political platform and to tell people why they favor McKinley and the polities he stands for. Among those who are thinking of going upon the stump this year are Louis Aldrich, Charles Roblis, whose work in "The Leavenworth Case," "A Physician in the House," "A Merchant of Venice," and a number of other plays, has won favorable comment, and C. R. Pope, the actor-manager of St. Louis.

"It's this way," said Mr. Aldrich, who was seen by a Press reporter yesterday at the office of the Actor's Fund in West Twenty-eighth street. "The actors of the country are beginning to find out that they have as much at stake in the government as any one, and that an administration at Washington which brings general depression in business circles cannot but bring also lower receipts at the box office."

"I suppose," he continued, "that in the past actors have taken less interest in politics than any other class of persons in the land. Not one actor in a thousand would vote, and I believe I could count on the fingers of my two hands all the actors of any consequence who ever have taken any interest at all in politics. At the same time I must confess that there has been a sort of leaning, a kind of sympathy among the actors, in the Democratic direction. In 1892 Cleveland was much more popular with the men of my profession than was Harrison. I don't know how that can be explained, but perhaps it was because Cleveland's name sometimes used to get more applause in the variety theatres than his name was mentioned in the newspapers. Possibly, too, Joseph Jefferson, an actor of Cleveland had something to do with it. But political conviction or preference had nothing to do with it."

**The Lesson of 1892.**

"But soon after the election of 1892 the actors began to receive bitter schooling. It was costly as well as bitter, and they had to take it whether they wished to or not. Every theatre they played in was a schoolhouse and the schoolmaster was grim Hard Times. Tuition was exacted and it was much greater than some actors could bear without grumbling. Now they have been under this disagreeable and expensive schoolmaster almost four years, and they are tired and sick of the situation. They want to be graduated from the hard times school, and a good many of them have thought enough upon the subject to see that graduation is a long way off. If to the folly of a silver tariff policy is to be added the policy of free silver."

"Even Mr. Jefferson, I understand, who always has been and still is a free trader, is dead against free silver. As for myself, I hope to be able to make some speeches in favor of the Ohio statesman. I was an Ohio boy myself. I have been studying up the questions of the day and I feel fully satisfied that I want good theatrical business in future we must have the kind of government that will be given to us with Major McKinley in the white house, and a Republican majority in both branches of Congress."

"It is possible that I am selfish in wishing to see the times good enough to enable the people to go to the theatres when they feel like it, but the gratification of my kind of selfishness will be a good thing for everybody, as well as the actors, because it is only when people are doing well, when they have a surplus after paying all necessary expenses, that they put out any money for amusements. I don't know how many other actors feel as I do about it, as regards making speeches, but there are others, and if the material in the way of faces and figures, and tell us where they would like to have us speak, we will do all we can to bring in protection again, to conserve the cause of sound money, and to fill the empty seats of the playhouses."

**Roblis' Observations.**

Charles Roblis, another actor who proposes to take the stump for McKinley this fall, already has made two or three speeches in favor of protection and sound money. Mr. Roblis is the husband of Anna Katherine Green, who writes such thrilling stories as "The Leavenworth Case," "The Hand and the Ring." One of his chief successes on the boards has been the presentation of a dramatized version of the first named of these two works of fiction. He lives in Buffalo, and one day he called at the office of one of the newspapers there and said that he could not understand how the American people or any part of them could be led into voting for a law tariff and a cheap dollar. They had wanted a change in 1892, and they had got it right quickly. This change had been a bitter one for almost all classes. To the actor and the writer it had been signally disastrous.

"Almost before the hard times set in at all with other folk," said Mr. Roblis, "we began to suffer. The stage, probably the most sensitive of the business barometers, and the bookeller's shop perhaps comes next. The first thing people cut off when they see trouble coming is amusements. They stop going to theatres and they stop buying books for entertainment. Not only do they expend less money in those directions, but they enjoy what they do spend less than when everything is going well. You'd have been surprised if you could have seen, as I saw, the change in the tone of theatrical audiences that followed the defeat of Harrison. As times got harder and harder I observed in town after town, not only that the audiences were smaller and smaller, but that the people got bluer and bluer; that they were less affected by the humorous situations; that they became less absorbed in the serious passages; that their faces were never relaxed as they used to be when things were good; that in lines of persistent care were harder and harder to smooth out. It was not long before I made up my mind that there must be another change in the audience before I should again see such large audiences, composed of such comfortable, contented men and women, as I was accustomed to in the old days."

"Now, we seem to be threatened with something infinitely worse than we suffered in 1892. The very idea, probably would not be much affected by a free silver policy. Their property would depreciate. They were not much affected by the change that came after the last presidential election. But it would be as it was in 1892—the adoption of a free silver policy would strike the hardest blow at the more intelligent working people and the great middle-class—those in the receipt of modest incomes, and they are the theatres best standby. When they are doing well, the theatres are filled with applauding crowds; when they are doing ill, the theatres are neglected. In New York, where the richer classes are more in evidence than any-

where else in the country, the falling off in theatrical business was less noticeable in 1892 than elsewhere, but in the smaller towns and the interior cities the result was then, and in case of Bryan's victory would again be, simply terrific.

"See here, Roblis," said the editor, when the actor had ceased, "I want you to go down to a political meeting we're going to hold to-night and tell the people who will come out just what you have told me. Explain the situation in your own way. Don't try to make a political speech, but just tell your story as a professional amuseur to the people who are amused, but who have not had it much of late since Cleveland's second election."

Roblis thought a moment and agreed to do as requested. That night he addressed a big crowd in Buffalo. Since then he has been loading himself up with facts and figures, and preparing arguments with which to combat the Bryan speakers. It is understood that he will make several addresses in the East Side of New York.

## Campaign for Speakers.

Upon the surface it would appear that little has been done in New York in the way of organizing the campaign as yet. That is due chiefly to the fact that Mr. Hanna has not yet come here. He will be here next Tuesday, and things will hum soon after that date. The state committee will, of course, work in harmony with the national committee, and since the crying need seems to be for general information upon the issues of the hour, the campaign will be organized chiefly upon educational lines. Speakers will be drawn from all classes, and no doubt effective talkers will be easier to get this year than ever has been the case, since many men, aside from the actors, who have never before engaged in political speaking, are anxious to have an opportunity to tell the voters how the change of 1892 affected them and what they fear from the greater change now proposed.

Down to date the American Protective Tariff League headquarters is by far the most active of all political centres in New York. Its efforts do not lie in the direction of promoting a speaking campaign so much as in the furnishing of sound political literature, and yet the league is getting ready to send out a great many good talkers. Within the last few days Secretary Wakeman has received hundreds of requests coming from every state in the union for information and for speakers.

## The Third Party Movement.

New York Evening Post: Now, the question of public concern is whether the masses of the Democratic party who do not understand this thorny question (the silver question), and who are, on the other hand, great sticklers for regularity, and who hold hereditary rather intense prejudices against the Republican party, are likely to vote against Bryan merely because some of their leaders say that free coinage at 16 to 1 would be a bad thing for the country. There will be no lack of leaders on the other side. There will be plenty of men like Gorman, who never held a ticket, and plenty who threatened to bolt, like Secretary Hoke Smith, but did not, to tell them that it is all a mistake to suppose that 16 to 1 would be bad for business. Obviously the nine out of ten who do not understand the question of 16 to 1 must be convinced by argument that it is a bad thing, that it is fraught with no common disaster, if they are to be deflected from their natural course and prevented from supporting Bryan and Sewall. It is obvious also that the only persons who have their ear are those Democrats whom they have been accustomed to listen to in the past. They will not go to Republican meetings; they will not listen to Republican speakers; they will not read Republican documents. There is no way to reach them except through Democratic influences.

For this reason we heartily welcome the Chicago movement. There is another reason which may appeal to sound money Democrats, and that is that this will be a means of keeping the fire of true Democracy burning. This does not appeal very strongly to us, but it is a powerful motive with many and an entirely respectable one. It may, perhaps, be expected that we should say something about Mr. Whitney's accusation against the Republican party, which we transfer to our columns merely to express our dissent from it. Mr. Whitney declares himself to be against the election of Bryan. He ought to know that this can be prevented only by the election of McKinley and by the heartiest co-operation of all who are opposed to Bryan, and that anything which stirs up bitterness in the ranks of those who are seeking a common end serves the purpose of the common enemy.

## The Political Puzzle.

Chicago Record: As a sign of the dissolution of party lines this year observe the following table of political parties:

1. The gold Republican party.
2. The free silver Democrats, among whom are (a) those who want Populist support and (b) those who don't want Populist support.
3. The free silver Republicans.
4. The gold Democrats, among whom are (a) those who will support McKinley and (b) those who will nominate a ticket of their own.
5. The prohibitionists.
6. The bolting prohibitionists.
7. The Bryan Populists, among whom are (a) those who favor Bryan and Sewall and (b) those who are for Bryan and against Sewall.
8. The anti-Bryan Populists.
9. The voters who are on the fence.
10. The voters who have taken to the woods.

This is part of the list. Six of the factions mentioned already have, or expect to have, tickets of their own in the field. The "third party" has multiplied into a fourth, fifth and sixth party, and the end is not yet.

And it is not at all certain that some of these factions will not want to split up and bolt from themselves.

## Are You Tired?

All the time? This condition is a sure indication that your blood is not rich and nourishing as it ought to be and it may be helped by a few bottles of the great blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla. Thousands write that Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured them of that tired feeling by giving them rich, red blood.

**HOOD'S PILLS** act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

IN the vicinity of Boquet, Westmoreland County, Pa., almost anyone can tell you how to cure a lame back or stiff neck. They dampen a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bind it on the affected parts and in one or two days the trouble has disappeared. This same treatment will promptly cure a pain in the side or chest. Mr. E. M. Frye, a prominent merchant of Boquet, speaks very highly of Pain Balm, and his recommendations have had much to do with making it popular there.

## Save Your Life.

By using "The New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the kidneys, bladder and back in male or female. It relieves retention of water, and pain in passing it almost immediately. Save yourselves by using this marvelous cure. Its use will prevent fatal consequences in almost all cases by its great alternative and healing power. Sold by R. H. List, Druggist, Wheeling, W. Va.

A LITTLE III, then a little pill. The III is gone, the pill has won. DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the little pills that cure great ills. Charles R. Goetz, corner Twelfth and Market streets; Bowley & Son, Bridgeport; Peabody & Son, Denwood.

**Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.**

## POPULIST SPEAKERS

Who will Take the Stump for the Ticket. A Strange Mixture.

ST. LOUIS, July 27.—Among the speakers who will take the stump for the Populist ticket will be Senator Butler and ex-Chairman Taubeneck, Eugene V. Debs, of Terre Haute, Ind.; Robert Schilling, of Milwaukee; Senator Allen, of Nebraska; Senator Peffer, of Kansas; Governor Jewell, of Kansas; Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Lease, of Kansas; Mrs. Roberts, of Georgia, and many others, including Coxy and Carlo Browne. Mr. Debs is a strong supporter of the initiative and referendum. The currency will be the pivot around which the majority of the speeches will revolve, and the women who will be sent out will make that their special point of attack. Mrs. Roberts made a speech in the convention endorsing the nomination of Bryan, and in the five minutes that she was before the convention won for herself the reputation of being one of the most forcible and logical speakers that has ever addressed a Populist gathering.

"Cyclone" Davis was discussing the outcome of the convention with a party of friends in the Lindell corridors last evening. He said: "There were a thousand men in that convention who differed with me and there could have been but one result—the selection of Bryan. It was a case of either making them believe they were wrong and myself right, or give up. We had to give up, of course. We were not all statesmen, and the thousand on the other side were neither fools nor traitors. We concluded they were right."

## What Montle and Hartman Say

BUTTE, Mont., July 27.—Senator Montle and Congressman Hartman have arrived here. Both say they support Bryan because he is a bimetalist and not because he is a Democrat. When the question is settled they will be Republicans in all things once more.

"While I deplore that Populists put up another ticket," said Mr. Hartman, "yet I think in thirty days there will be but one bimetallic ticket in the field. I think Watson will allow his name to be withdrawn. The ticket from a point of good politics should be Bryan and Sewall. On the second thought Watson and the men who nominated him must concede this."

Mr. Montle spoke on the same line and said: "I regard the action of placing an independent ticket in the field by the Populists very bad politics, as the Populist party has been crying for free coinage so many ears, louder than the others. It is one of their cardinal principles of faith. I believe the vast majority of the Populist party is honest and sincere in the advocacy of bimetalism, consequently I believe influence will be brought to bear upon Watson to get him to withdraw."

## William Henry Smith Dead.

CHICAGO, July 27.—William Henry Smith, late General Manager of the Associated Press, died at Lake Forest, Ill., this morning.

He was born in Columbia county, N. Y., December 1, 1833. His parents moved to Ohio, where he had the best educational advantages the state afforded. He was a school teacher for a time and next a tutor in a western college. Later he became the assistant editor of a weekly newspaper in Cincinnati. At the age of twenty-two, Mr. Smith had risen to the position of editor. At that time he was also doing work for the Literary Review. At the beginning of the civil war he was engaged on the Cincinnati Gazette, and took an active part in raising troops and forwarding supplies, and through the medium of the press, did much to strengthen the government. Largely instrumental in making John Brown governor of Ohio, he afterwards became the governor's secretary and later was elected secretary of state, being re-elected in 1866.

Mr. Smith retired from office and became the managing editor of the Evening Chronicle. He was the author of several notable historical works. He retired from the management of the Associated Press in 1893.

## Against England Either Way.

LONDON, July 27.—The Globe this afternoon publishes a long article headed American Communism, and concludes as follows:

"There is a clear issue between the gold standard, allied to extreme protection and free coinage, coupled with confiscatory socialism. Whether McKinley or Bryan is elected, British interests are bound to suffer. While the victory of McKinley is certain to harass our trade with the United States, that of Bryan could not fail to produce a financial convulsion, which might shake the old world to its very foundations."

The St. James Gazette publishes an editorial article of the same tenor as the article in the Globe.

## Republican College League.

CHICAGO, July 27.—The Tribune says it is practically settled that A. A. Perkins, chairman of the executive committee of the American Republican College League, and member of the executive committee of the national league will be given the place of first assistant secretary under secretary Osborne of the national campaign committee, with headquarters at New York.

## Struck by an Engine.

MALONE, N. Y., July 27.—While Levi Sancomb and Nellie Bushy, aged respectively eighteen and sixteen years, of Chateaugay, were returning to that village about 10 o'clock Saturday night, they were struck by an engine on the Central Vermont railroad, as they attempted to cross the track. Sancomb and Miss Bushy and the horse they were driving were instantly killed.

## Hov's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WEST & THURAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

## Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by Logan Drug Co., Druggists, 4

Catarrh and Colds Relieved in 10 to 60 Minutes.

One short puff of the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness. 50 cts. Sold by H. H. List and Logan Drug Co. S. W.

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Logan Drug Company.

MARKED DOWN SALE—GEO. R. TAYLOR.

# GEO. R. TAYLOR

## Marked Down Sale THIS WEEK

We have marked down and placed on our cheap counters our entire stock of

Hemstitched Sheets,  
Hemstitched Bolster Cases,  
Hemstitched Pillow Cases,  
Hemmed Crochet Spreads.

At this sale you can buy the best of Hemstitched Sheets, Bolster Cases and Pillow Cases for less than the muslin cost to make them.

SALE AT THE MARKED DOWN PRICES

WILL CONTINUE ONE WEEK.

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Now is Your Chance!

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AT A FRACTION OF THEIR REAL VALUE.

Also 20 styles of Oak, Cane Seat Dining Room Chairs, goods that sold at \$10 and \$12, your choice at \$5.00 PER HALF DOZEN

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IN LIKE PROPORTION.

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When in doubt what to do for Nervous Debility, Loss of Power, Impotency, Atrophy, Nerve and other weaknesses, from any cause, use Serravallo's Tonic. It is a full vigor quickly restored. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by CHAS. R. GOETZ, Druggist, successor to McLain's Pharmacy.